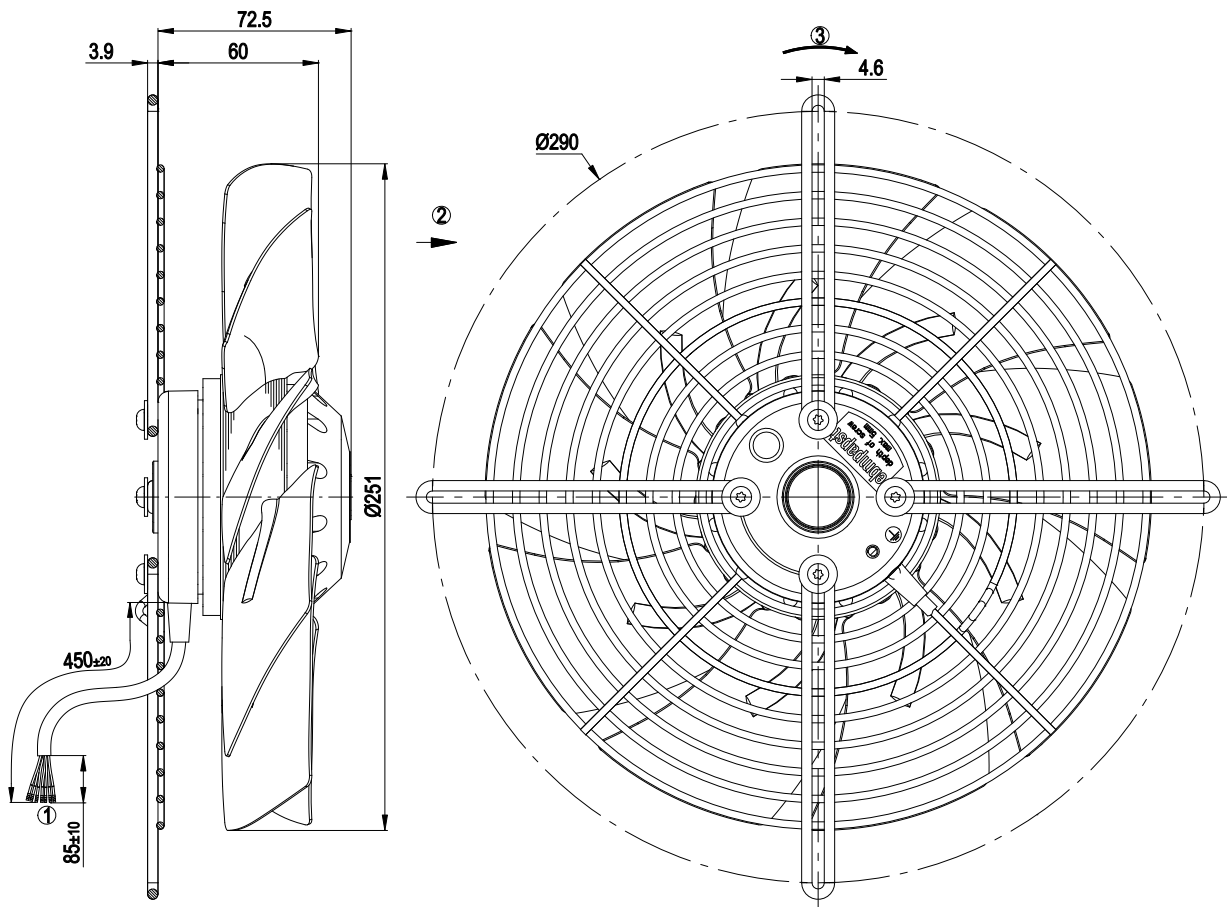


3. TECHNICAL DATA

3.1 Product drawing



All measures have the unit mm.

1	Connection line PVC, 7x brass lead tips crimped
2	Direction of air flow "A"
3	Direction of rotation counter-clockwise, seen on rotor

3.2 Nominal data

Motor	M4D068-CF			
Phase	3~	3~	3~	3~
Nominal voltage / VAC	230	230	400	400
Connection	Δ	Δ	Y	Y
Frequency / Hz	50	60	50	60
Type of data definition	fa	fa	fa	fa
Valid for approval / standard	CE	CE	CE	CE
Speed / min⁻¹	1400	1580	1400	1580
Power input / W	25	32	25	32
Current draw / A	0.12	0.12	0.07	0.07
Max. back pressure / Pa	70	70	70	70
Min. ambient temperature / °C	-25	-25	-25	-25
Max. ambient temperature / °C	85	80	85	80
Starting current / A	0.16	0.15	0.16	.15

ml = Max. load · me = Max. efficiency · fa = Running at free air
 cs = Customer specs · cu = Customer unit

Subject to alterations

3.3 Technical features

Mass	2.17 kg
Size	250 mm
Surface of rotor	Coated in black
Material of blades	Sheet steel, coated in black
Material of guard grille	Steel, phosphated and coated in black plastic
Number of blades	9
Direction of air flow	"A"
Direction of rotation	Counter-clockwise, seen on rotor
Type of protection	IP 44
Insulation class	"B"
Humidity class	F1-2
Mounting position	Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor on top on request
Condensate discharge holes	Rotor-side
Operation mode	S1
Motor bearing	Ball bearing
Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system)	< 0.75 mA
Cable exit	Lateral
Protection class	I (if protective earth is connected by customer)
Product conforming to standard	EN 60335-1
Approval	CCC; EAC



For cyclic speed loads, note that the rotating parts of the device are designed for maximum one million load cycles. If you have specific questions, contact ebm-papst for support.

3.4 Mounting data

For depth of screw, see chapter 3.1 Product drawing

⇒ Secure the mounting screws against accidentally coming loose (e.g. by using self-locking screws).

Strength class for mounting screws	8.8
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You can obtain additional mounting data from the product drawing if necessary.

3.5 Transport and storage conditions

⇒ Use the device in accordance with its protection type.

Max. permissible ambient motor temp. (transp./ storage)	+ 80 °C
Min. permissible ambient motor temp. (transp./storage)	- 40 °C

4. CONNECTION AND START-UP

4.1 Connecting the mechanical system



CAUTION

Cutting and crushing hazard when removing the fan from the packaging



→ Carefully remove the device from its packaging, only touching the guard grille. Make sure to avoid any shock.

→ Wear safety shoes and cut-resistant safety gloves.

⇒ Check the device for transport damage. Damaged devices must no longer be installed.

⇒ Install the undamaged device according to your application.

4.2 Connecting the electrical system



DANGER

Electric voltage on the device

Electric shock

→ Always install a protective earth first.

→ Check the protective earth.



DANGER

Incorrect insulation

Risk of fatal injury from electric shock

→ Use only cables that meet the specified installation requirements for voltage, current, insulation material, load etc.

→ Route cables such that they cannot be touched by any rotating parts.

CAUTION

Electrical voltage

The fan is a built-in component and features no electrically isolating switch.

→ Only connect the fan to circuits that can be switched off with an all-pole separating switch.

→ When working on the fan, you must switch off the installation/machine in which the fan is installed and secure it from being switched on again.

NOTE

Water penetration into leads or wires

Water enters at the cable end on the customer's side and can damage the device.

→ Make sure that the cable end is connected in a dry environment.



Connect the device only to circuits that can be switched off using an all-pole disconnecting switch.

4.2.1 Prerequisites

- ⇒ Check whether the data on the type plate agree with the connection data.
- ⇒ Before connecting the device, ensure that the supply voltage matches the operating voltage of the device.
- ⇒ Only use cables designed for current according to the type plate. For determining the cross-section, follow the basic principles in accordance with EN 61800-5-1. The protective earth must have a cross-section equal to or greater than the outer conductor cross-section. We recommend the use of 105°C cables. Ensure that the minimum

cable cross-section is at least
AWG26/0.13 mm².

Earth wire contact resistance in accordance with EN 60335

Compliance with the impedance specifications in accordance with EN 60335 for the protective earth circuit must be verified in the end application.

Depending on the installation situation, it may be necessary to install an additional protective earthing conductor via the additional protective earth connection point available on the device.

4.2.2 Voltage control



With open loop speed control using transformers or electronic voltage regulators (e.g. phase angle control), excessive current may occur.

In addition, noises can occur with phase angle control depending on the mounting situation.

4.2.3 Frequency inverter

Please use a frequency converter only after consultation with ebm-papst.



Fit sinusoidal filters that work on all poles (live-live and live-earth) between the frequency inverter and the motor for operation with frequency inverters.

Depending on how the device is installed, noises may occur.

Heating of the motor due to use of a frequency converter must be checked in the application by the customer.

4.3 Connection of the cables

External leads are brought out of device.

⇒ First connect the "PE" (protective earth) connection.

- Connect the lines according to your application. When doing so, observe chapter 4.4 Connection screen.

4.3.1 Motor protection



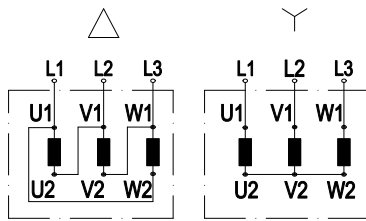
WARNING

Device without overheating protection

The device is delivered without any automatically functioning overheating protection. The device can become hot and burn.

→ For the version without TOP, install an additional, suitable motor protection switch.

4.4 Connection screen



Change direction of rotation by reversing two phases

	Three-phase motor
Δ	Delta connection
Y	Star connection
L1	= U1 = black
L2	= V1 = blue
L3	= W1 = brown
U2	green
V2	white
W2	yellow

4.5 Checking the connections

- ⇒ Make sure that the power is off (all phases).
- ⇒ Secure it from being switched on again.
- ⇒ Check the correct fit of the connection lines.

4.6 Switch on device

The device may only be switched on if it has been installed properly and in accordance with its intended use, including the required safety mechanisms and professional electrical connection. This also applies for devices which have already been equipped with plugs and terminals or similar connectors by the customer.



WARNING

Hot motor housing

Fire hazard

- Ensure that no combustible or flammable materials are located close to the fan.
- ⇒ Inspect the device for visible external damage and the proper function of the protective features before switching it on.
- ⇒ Check the air flow paths of the fan for foreign objects and remove any that are found.
- ⇒ Apply the nominal voltage to the voltage supply.

4.7 Switching off the device

- ⇒ Disconnect the device from the supply voltage at the main switch for the supply line.
- ⇒ When disconnecting, be sure to disconnect the earth wire connection last.

5. MAINTENANCE, MALFUNCTIONS, POSSIBLE CAUSES AND REMEDIES

Do not perform any repairs on your device. Return the device to ebm-papst for repair or replacement.

WARNING

Terminals and connections have voltage even with a unit that is shut off

Electric shock

- Wait five minutes after disconnecting the voltage at all poles before opening the device.

CAUTION

The motor restarts automatically when operating voltage is applied, e.g. after a power failure.

Danger of injury

- Keep out of the danger zone of the device.
- When working on the device, switch off the mains supply voltage and secure the latter from being switched on again.
- Wait until the device stops.



If the device remains out of use for some time, e.g. when in storage, we recommend switching the device on for at least two hours to allow any condensate to evaporate and to move the bearings.

Malfunction/error	Possible cause	Possible remedy
Impeller running roughly	Imbalance in rotating parts	Clean the device; if imbalance is still evident after cleaning, replace the device. If you have attached any weight clips during cleaning, make sure to remove them afterwards.
Motor does not turn	Mechanical blockage	Switch off, de-energise, and remove mechanical blockage.
	Mains supply voltage faulty	Check mains supply voltage, restore power supply.
	Faulty connection	De-energise, correct connection, see connection diagram.
	Unacceptable operating point	Check operating point
Overtemperature of motor	Ambient temperature too high	Lower ambient temperature if possible
	Insufficient cooling	Improve cooling



If you have any other problems, contact ebm-papst.

5.1 Cleaning

NOTE

Damage to the device during cleaning.

Malfunction possible

- Do not clean the device using a water jet or high-pressure washer.
- Do not use any cleaners containing acids, bases or solvents.
- Do not use any pointed or sharp-edged objects to clean.

5.2 Safety test

What has to be tested?	How to test?	Frequency	Which measure?
Check the protective casing against accidental contact for damage and to ensure that it is intact	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Repair or replacement of the device
Check the device for damage to blades and housing	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Replacement of the device
Mounting the connection lines	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Fasten
Mounting of protective earth connection	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Fasten
Check the insulation of the wires for damage	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Replace wires
Condensate discharge holes for clogging, as necessary	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Open bore holes
Weld seams for crack formation	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Replace device

